

Excavation Enforcement & Outreach and Engagement Update

Dave Mulligan
Community Liaison





Community Assistance & Technical Services (CATS) Name Change



Community Liaison (CL)

Effective: January 1, 2017



Why?

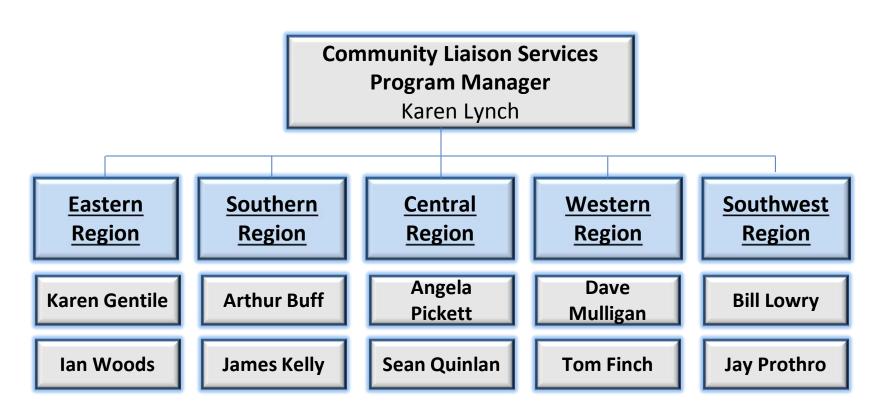
- More appropriately aligns with current roles and responsibilities
- Better articulates role to various stakeholders
- Stakeholders can more clearly interface with the agency staff
- CATS acronym was too long and difficult to explain





Office of Pipeline Safety

Community Liaisons



For more information: http://primis.phmsa.dot.gov/comm/CATS.htm





PHMSA Excavation Enforcement





Review of the Rule

- PHMSA's goal: to encourage states to enforce their own damage prevention laws
- 49 CFR 198.51 198.63 (evaluation of state damage prevention law enforcement programs)
 - Seven (7) criteria
- 49 CFR 196 (protection of underground pipelines from excavation activity)
 - The federal safety standard applicable to excavators
- PHMSA has enforcement authority over excavators only in states with inadequate enforcement programs





The Rule is **NOT**...

- An attempt to create a national one-call law
- A takeover of state damage prevention programs
- An attempt to nullify state damage prevention laws
- An attempt to establish a large federal enforcement regime





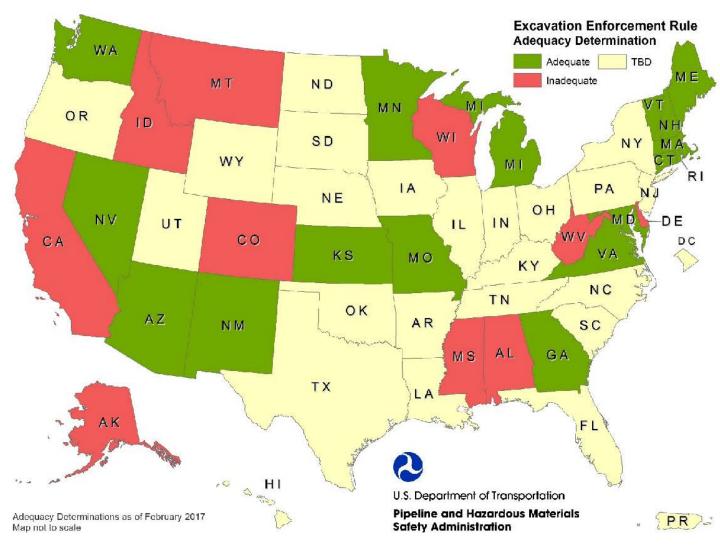
Status of PHMSA's Evaluations To-Date

- All state one-call law enforcement programs were evaluated in calendar year 2016
- PHMSA continues to notify states of our findings from 2016 evaluations
- Enforcement programs will be evaluated on an annual basis
- The 2017 round of evaluations will begin around April

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials



PHMSA's Findings To-Date







Status of PHMSA's Determinations of Adequacy

- PHMSA has notified 30 states of their status
 - 22 remaining states (and territories) will be notified in the coming weeks
 - States have 30 days to contest PHMSA's findings
- Status of each state is posted on the website
 - Evaluation checklists will not be posted
 - Notification letters are posted





General Observations

- When PHMSA published the ANPRM in 2009, there were <u>nine</u> states with no enforcement authority; there are currently <u>four</u> states with no enforcement authority
- States have been extremely cooperative and want to have adequate enforcement programs
- States view the evaluation checklist as generally fair and sufficient





What if Your State's Enforcement Program is Deemed Inadequate?

- Use the checklist (and associated guidance) as a road map to improvement
- PHMSA is offering support to states
 - Letters of support
 - Review of proposed legislation
 - Education of stakeholders





PHMSA's Approach to Federal **Enforcement**

- General philosophy:
 - Strategic and targeted enforcement on a limited basis; federal authority should be considered "backstop"
 - Primary goal: encourage change in State behavior (states should enforce their own laws)
 - PHMSA will enforce 49 CFR 196 (PHMSA cannot enforce state laws)
 - PHMSA cannot enforce in states with adequate programs





PHMSA Excavation Enforcement **Process**

Screening

(inadequate state, damage to pipe, regulated pipe, etc.)

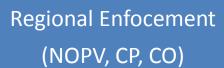


Ask State to Investigate



Investigation







Decision to Enforce

Incoming Notices (Operator, NRC, etc.)





What Can PHMSA Enforce (Part 196)?

- Failure to use one-call system before excavating . [196.103(a)]
- Failure to wait for the pipeline operator to arrive at the excavation site and establish and mark the location. [196.103(b)]
- Failure to excavate with proper regard for the marked location of pipelines. [196.103(c)]
- Failure to make additional use of one-call as necessary. [196.103(d)]
- Failure to promptly report any damage of a pipeline due to excavation activity to the pipeline operator. [196.107]
- Failure to promptly report any release of any PHMSA-regulated natural and other gas or hazardous liquid by calling the 911 emergency telephone number. [196.109]

Note: Pipeline operators and their contractors are subject to the excavation damage prevention requirements of 49 CFR Parts 192 and 195.





Resources

- Website: http://phmsa.dot.gov/pipeline/safetyawareness-and-outreach/excavatorenforcement
 - Google: "PHMSA Excavation Enforcement Final Rule"
- The website contains:
 - Background information
 - Schedule of state program evaluations
 - PHMSA's determinations of State program adequacy
 - Excavation damage reporting form
 - Text of the rule
 - FAQs
 - State program evaluation checklist
 - Contact information for PHMSA



U.S. Department of Transportation

Miscellaneous Stuff





NPMS New Developments

- Updated PIMMA and Public Viewer interfaces
- PIMMA Plus on Intranet
- YouTube tutorial for Public Viewer
- iPhone apps for PIMMA and the Public Viewer





www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov

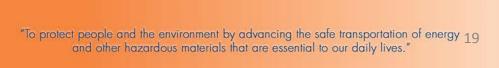




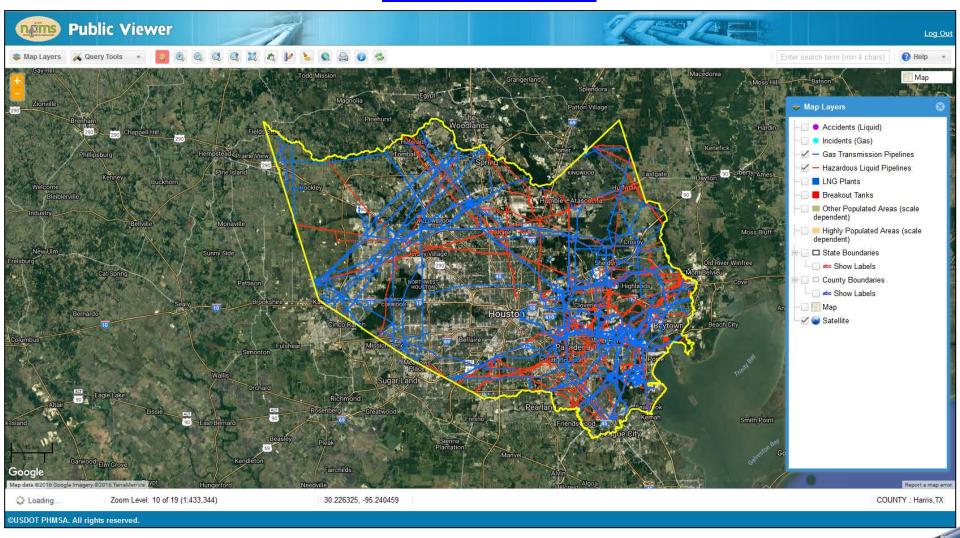


Map Viewer Enhancements

- PIMMA now contains pipeline history and incident and accident data since 2002
- PIMMA Plus has a dedicated server for DOT intranet users and contains inspection unit boundaries and inspection activities as well as the features in PIMMA
- Public Viewer now contains incident and accident data since 2002



Public Viewer: Pipelines in a single county per session <u>YouTube tutorial</u>

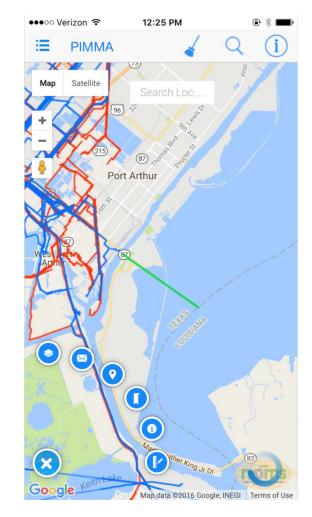


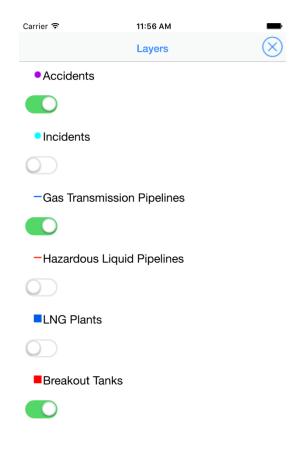




PIMMA iPhone app: search "pipeline information" in app store











Coming soon

Public Viewer iPhone app





PHMSA's Role During Major Pipeline Failures





PHMSA's Role When Pipelines Fail

- Support the FOSC and Incident Command Unified Command (IC/UC)
 - Provide Facility Response Plan to FOSC
 - Technical support to IC/UC, Joint Information Center, Operations, and Planning
- Ensure pipeline safety is maintained:
 - Pipeline integrity is maintained
 - Repair and restart plans
 - Consider safety of other pipelines in area
 - Pipeline purge procedures being followed





PHMSA's Role When Pipelines Fail

- Ensure pipeline company is fully cooperating with federal, state and local emergency responders
- Deploy liaison resources between PHMSA technical investigators and community stakeholders (public, local, state, and federal)
- Provide International and Public Affairs resources for media and congressional inquiries
- Conduct pipeline accident investigations (as it relates to the pipeline)
- Require Metallurgical Testing and Root Cause Failure Analysis





PHMSA's Role When Pipelines Fail

- Issue Corrective Action Orders/Safety Orders when necessary
- Investigate compliance with regulations and take appropriate enforcement actions
- Incorporation of Lessons Learned Regulatory, Policy, Training or Compliance Changes
- PHMSA does not:
 - Act as first responders
 - Perform/manage/deploy spill containment or cleanup
 - Charge fee for services

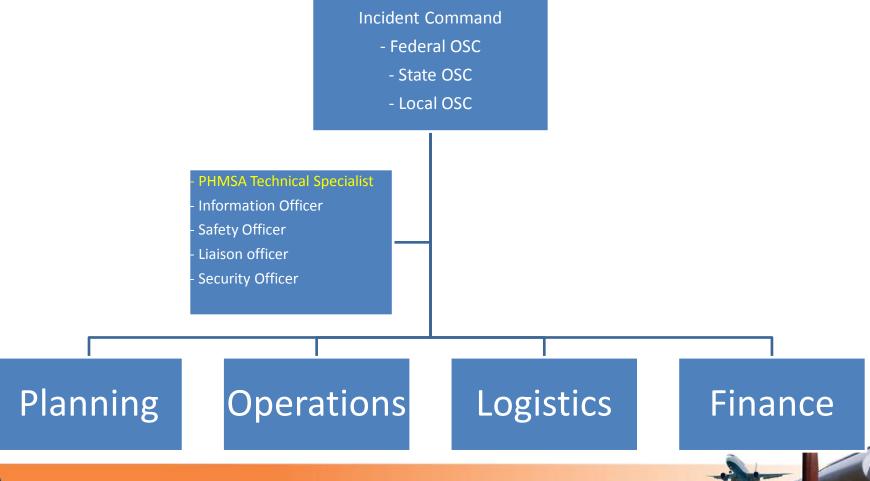


Safety Administration

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials



Typical Incident Command Reporting Structure



Security of Pipelines





PHMSA & TSA

- PHMSA and The Transportation Security Administration (TSA) have a mutual interest in safeguarding the United State's Oil and Natural Gas pipeline infrastructure
- PHMSA focuses on the safety of the Nation's pipelines and administers the pipeline safety regulatory program.
- TSA focuses on the security of the Nation's pipelines and has authored Pipeline Security Guidelines for operators available online.

| PHMSA POC | TSA POC |
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Safeguarding and Securing Pipelines Advisory Bulletin

- On December 9, 2016 PHMSA published an Advisory Bulletin in the Federal Register in coordination with the TSA.
- The bulletin followed recent incidents in the United States on October 11, 2016 when several unauthorized persons accessed and interfered with pipeline operations in several states.
- The Advisory Bulletin was to remind:
 - All pipeline owners and operators of the importance of safeguarding and securing their pipeline facilities and monitoring their SCADA systems for abnormal operations and/or indications of unauthorized access.
 - The public of the dangers and legal ramification's associated with tampering with pipeline system facilities.





Transparency

- Most PHMSA correspondence is posted to public website:
 - CAOs
 - NOPVs
 - NOAs
 - Warning Letter
 - Safety Orders
- All other info is FOIA-ble







PHMSA Inspection Evolution



Targeted Inspections



- Unit/Standard
- Integrity Management
- Operation and Maintenance
- Public Awareness
- Control Room Management
- Operator Qualification
- Breakout Tank
- Construction

Integrated Inspections

- Combines discrete inspection "types"
- Prioritize specific areas of inspection based on risk information
- May focus on one or more "targeted" areas





Inspection Schedule Change

- Moving to Federal Fiscal Year form Calendar Year (Oct-Sept)
- Align with Federal budget cycle
- Hunting season scheduling issues
- Why does it appear you are getting more frequent inspections?
 - We listened to you. You like having the opportunity showing off your pipeline safety programs
 - Assist with keeping PHMSA data up to date
 - More proactive vs. reactive (information sharing)



PHMSA Media Requests

- For all PHMSA media requests including:
 - Press, reporters, etc.
 - Elected officials
 - Documentary writers, etc.
- Refer them directly to PHMSA Public Affairs:
 - Email: PHMSA.PublicAffairs@dot.gov
 - Phone: (202) 366-4831





PHMSA Jurisdictional Vs. Regulated?

- Jurisdictional: Transportation of hazardous liquid by pipeline under Part 192 & 195
- Regulated: Pipeline facilities and the transportation of gas or hazardous liquid that are not exempted:
 - Offshore gathering
 - Producing Operator pipeline in the OCS
 - Unregulated onshore gathering
 - In plant
 - Gravity
 - Other modes of transportation





It's Inspection Time

- Don't panic
- Should be prepared every day
 - Records in order
 - Business as usual
- Typically scheduled
- Your time to show off your pipeline safety program
- Ask questions and be cooperative
- Don't be afraid to voice your opinion





Every 6 minutes an underground utility line is damaged because someone decided to dig without first calling 811,

Call Before You Dig Campaigns





Questions?

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